

# STATE OF WISCONSIN Division of Hearings and Appeals

In the Matter of

DECISION

FOO/167492

# PRELIMINARY RECITALS

Pursuant to a petition filed July 24, 2015, under Wis. Admin. Code § HA 3.03(1), to review a decision by the Office of the Inspector General in regard to FoodShare benefits (FS), a hearing was held on September 24, 2015, at Green Bay, Wisconsin.

The issue for determination is whether a circuit court judgment of a violation of the welfare fraud ordinance is sufficient to impose a one-year FS sanction.

There appeared at that time and place the following persons:

PARTIES IN INTEREST: Petitioner:



Petitioner's Representative:

Attorney Pat DeLessio 31 South Mills Street Madison, WI 53715

#### Respondent:

Department of Health Services 1 West Wilson Street, Room 651 Madison, Wisconsin 53703

By: Nadine Stankey

Office of the Inspector General Department of Health Services 1 West Wilson Street

Madison, WI 53701

#### ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE:

Peter McCombs

Division of Hearings and Appeals

## **FINDINGS OF FACT**

1. Petitioner (CARES # least August of 2014.

- 2. Petitioner was issued a citation for violating Brown County ordinance 30.05(2), "Interfering with Proper Administration of Public Benefits" on August 3, 2014. On November 7, 2014, the Brown County Office of the Sheriff mailed the ordinance citation to the petitioner, informing him, in part, that a conviction would result in a one-year bar from receiving FS for a first violation. See Exhibit R-2.
- 3. After a court trial on May 16, 2015, petitioner was found guilty on violating Brown County ordinance 30.05(2), "Interfering with Proper Administration of Public Benefits", a subsection of the ordinance entitled "Prohibiting Fraud In Public Assistance." Exhibit R-1.
- 4. Petitioner had no prior program violations. Following the guilty verdict the state FS agency imposed a one-year bar on petitioner receiving FS.

#### **DISCUSSION**

#### 7 C.F.R. §273.16(b) provides as follows:

- (1) Individuals found to have committed an intentional Program violation either through an administrative disqualification hearing or by a Federal, State or local court, or who have signed either a waiver of right to an administrative disqualification hearing or a disqualification consent agreement in cases referred for prosecution, shall be ineligible to participate in the Program:
- (i) For a period of twelve months for the first intentional Program violation....

Similarly, the Department's FS Handbook, §3.14.1, provides:

An IPV may be determined by the following means:

- 1. Federal, state, or local court order,
- 2. Administrative Disqualification Hearing (ADH) decision,
- 3. Pre-charge or pretrial diversion agreement initiated by a local district attorney and signed by the FoodShare recipient in accordance with federal requirements, or
- 4. Waiver of the right to an ADH signed by the FoodShare recipient in accordance with federal requirements.

The definition of an IPV is found at 7 C.F.R. §273.16(c):

Intentional Program violations shall consist of having intentionally:

- (1) Made a false or misleading statement, or misrepresented, concealed or withheld facts; or
- (2) Committed any act that constitutes a violation of the Food Stamp Act, the Food Stamp Program Regulations, or any State statute for the purpose of using, presenting, transferring, acquiring, receiving, possessing or trafficking of coupons, authorization cards or reusable documents used as part of an automated benefit delivery system (access device).

The sanction is only against the individual found guilty. Other family members remain eligible for FS.

The issue is whether the Brown County judgment of a violation of the welfare fraud ordinance is sufficient to impose a one-year sanction. I conclude that it is sufficient. The federal regulation provides that a sanction can be imposed based upon the judgment of a local court. The charge against petitioner was that he intentionally violated FS rules in the use of his card. See, Exhibit R-2. The definition of a program violation is that the person committed *any act* that violates program regulations in using, presenting, transferring, acquiring, receiving, or trafficking FS. The guilty verdict by a Brown County judge following a trial, where the petitioner was represented by counsel, is sufficient to meet that standard. In light of the guilty verdict, I conclude that the respondent properly imposed a one-year sanction.

### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

The OIG correctly imposed a one-year FS sanction against petitioner following a Brown County court judgement that he violated an FS fraud ordinance.

#### THEREFORE, it is

#### **ORDERED**

That the petition for review is hereby dismissed.

## REQUEST FOR A REHEARING

You may request a rehearing if you think this decision is based on a serious mistake in the facts or the law or if you have found new evidence that would change the decision. Your request must be **received** within 20 days after the date of this decision. Late requests cannot be granted.

Send your request for rehearing in writing to the Division of Hearings and Appeals, 5005 University Avenue, Suite 201, Madison, WI 53705-5400 **and** to those identified in this decision as "PARTIES IN INTEREST." Your rehearing request must explain what mistake the Administrative Law Judge made and why it is important or you must describe your new evidence and explain why you did not have it at your first hearing. If your request does not explain these things, it will be denied.

The process for requesting a rehearing may be found at Wis. Stat. § 227.49. A copy of the statutes may be found online or at your local library or courthouse.

## APPEAL TO COURT

You may also appeal this decision to Circuit Court in the county where you live. Appeals must be filed with the Court **and** served either personally or by certified mail on the Secretary of the Department of Health Services, 1 West Wilson Street, Room 651, Madison, Wisconsin 53703, **and** on those identified in this decision as "PARTIES IN INTEREST" **no more than 30 days after the date of this decision** or 30 days after a denial of a timely rehearing (if you request one).

The process for Circuit Court Appeals may be found at Wis. Stat. §§ 227.52 and 227.53. A copy of the statutes may be found online or at your local library or courthouse.

Given under my hand at the City of Madison, Wisconsin, this 23rd day of October, 2015

\sPeter McCombs

Administrative Law Judge
Division of Hearings and Appeals



# State of Wisconsin\DIVISION OF HEARINGS AND APPEALS

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The preceding decision was sent to the following parties on October 23, 2015.

Office of the Inspector General Division of Health Care Access and Accountability Attorney Hal Menendez